

European Labour Authority

DATA PROTECTION OFFICER

RECORD OF PROCESSING OPERATIONS ON PERSONAL DATA

DPR-ELA-2022-0041: ELA research activities related to supporting cooperation between Member States

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1 PART 1: PUBLIC - RECORD (ARTICLE 31¹)

1.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Record reference	DPR-ELA-2022-0041	
Title of the processing operation	ELA research activities related to supporting cooperation between Member States	
Controller entity	European Labour Authority, Cooperation Support Unit (ELA COP Unit)	
Joint controllers	\boxtimes N/A \square YES, fill in details below	
Processor(s)	□ N/A	
Internal organisation(s)/entity(ies) Names and contact details	⊠ N/A □ YES	
External organisation(s)/entity(ies) Names and contact details	 N/A XES Milieu Consulting Chaussée de Charleroi 112 1060 Brussels, Belgium European Social Affairs, Management and Communication (Eftheia) Avenue Paul Deschanel 62, 1030 Bruxelles Microsoft Ireland South County Business Park, One Microsoft Place, Carmanhall and Leopardstown, Dublin, D18 P521, Ireland The European Labour Authority's contractors are bound by a specific contractual clause for any processing operations of personal data on 	
	behalf of the European Labour Authority, and by the confidentiality obligations deriving from the General Data Protection Regulation	
Data Protection Officer Name and contact details	Laura NUNEZ BAREZ Landererova 12,	
	811 09 Bratislava I Slovakia Email: data-protection@ela.europa.eu	
Language of the record	English	

¹ Pursuant to **article 31** of the new data protection regulation for EU institutions and bodies (<u>Regulation (EU) 2018/1725</u>) each controller and processor have to maintain a **record of processing activities** under its responsibility that contains at least the information listed under that article.

1.2 PURPOSE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESSING

1.2.1 Purpose

The European Labour Authority (ELA) aims to contribute to ensuring fair labour mobility across the Union and assist Member States and the Commission in the coordination of social security systems within the Union. To that end, ELA aims to carry out research on the different administrative cooperation practices, possibilities and challenges between Member States' competent authorities in relation to the posting of third country nationals (TCNs).

The main purpose of these studies is to assist the Member States in the effective and uniform application of the EU legislation regulating the posting of TCNs.

The scope of this study is limited to 'posted TCNs' covered by Posting Directives and Regulations on the coordination of social security systems, also in line with recital 13 of the ELA founding Regulation.

1.2.2 Processing for further purposes

- $\hfill\square$ Archiving in the public interest
- \boxtimes Scientific or historical research purposes
- Statistical purposes

🗆 N/A

Safeguards in place to ensure data minimisation

- Pseudonymisation
- \Box Any other, specify

1.2.3 Modes of processing

- 1. \square Automated processing (Article 24)
 - - i. $\hfill\square$ automated individual decision-making , including profiling
 - ii. \square Online form/feedback
 - iii. 🛛 Any other, specify

Interviews by phone and e-mail to specific experts.

- 2. \square Manual processing
 - a. $extsf{W}$ Word documents
 - b. \boxtimes Excel sheet
 - c. ⊠ Any other, specify Exchange e-mails
- 3. \Box Any other mode, specify

Description

Aggregated analytics data might be processed manually, for promotional and research purposes by ELA Cooperation Support Unit.

1.2.4 Storage medium

- 1. 🛛 Paper
- 2. 🛛 Electronic
 - a. 🖂 Digital (MS documents (Word, excel, Powerpoint), Adobe pdf, Audiovisual/multimedia assets, Image files (.JPEG, .PNG, etc.))
 - b. 🛛 Databases
 - c. 🛛 Servers

- d. 🛛 🖾 Cloud
- 3. \square External contractor premises
- 4. \Box Others, specify

1.2.5 Comments on the processing of the data

The research will consist of in-depth interviews with a selected number of EU stakeholders. Specific instructions will be provided by the external contractor to the data subjects before participation in the interviews.

Based on the replies, the external contractor will carry out a comparative analysis of the findings across the Member States and share it with ELA.

1.3 DATA SUBJECTS AND DATA CATEGORIES

1.3.1 Data subjects' categories

1. Internal to organisation	⊠ N/A
2. External to organisation	 Yes External national experts on labour market Staff from the European Commission (DG EMPL) Staff from Eurofound European social partners (such as Business Europe, EUROCIETT) and including sector level social partners organisations

1.3.2 Data categories/fields

Indicate the categories of data that will be processed:

Identification data:

Name, family name, email address, role(s)/position, organisation,

Content related data:

opinion/reply to thematic questions (i.e. general questions, national legislation and practices, main challenges, possibilities and good practices), contacts of potential stakeholders to be interviewed. **Consent form authorization, dated and signed.**

In some particular studies, photographs and/or audio- or video recordings will be collected and processed. A specific consent form will be provided to the data subjects.

Publication of some of the personal data, mainly opinions, may be done as part of the communication activities of ELA but only aggregated data will be published. In case personal data will be published, a specific consent from the data subject will be gathered.

1.3.2.1 Special categories of personal data

Indicate if the processing operation concerns any 'special categories of data' which fall(s) under Article 10(1), which shall be prohibited unless any of the reasons under article 10(2) applies: Yes , the processing concerns the following special category(ies): Data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership,

Or/and,
\Box Genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person,
Data concerning health,
Data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation.
⊠ N/A

Description: N/a

1.3.2.2 Data related to 'criminal convictions and offences'

The data being processed contain sensitive data which fall(s) under Article 11 'criminal convictions and offences'	N/A ⊠ Yes □
Description: N/a	

1.4 RETENTION PERIOD

Indicate the administrative time limit(s) for keeping the personal data per data category, and if known, specify the start/end date, or describe the specific start/end moment of each time limit:

Data category	Retention period	Optional	
		Start date/moment	End date/moment
All data categories related to the research: interviews, replies to	2 years		
questionnaires Identification data:	2 years. Before this two years, the experts will be contacted by ELA in order to request their consent to be included in ELA.		
Personal data published: Name, surname, role, organisation, opinion	5 years. A specific consent will be provided to the data subject to inform him/her and gather his/her consent.		

Description

Following ELA filing plan and specific retention list of 27 May 2021, in particular ELA.7 Communication management> ELA.7.3 Publication and websites> ELA.7.3.2 Files with final publications and studies, personal data will be deleted or anonymised 2 years after the reception of the raw data from the external contractors (processors) to ELA.

External processors will delete all personal data related to this research project at the moment of the transmission of the data to ELA.

Identification data will be deleted in 2 years. Before this two years, the experts will be contacted by ELA in order to request their consent to be included in ELA. This process will be covered by Record "DPR-ELA-2022-0024 ELA Contact lists & network partners databases".

1.5 RECIPIENTS

	Origin of the recipier	its of the data
1.	⊠ Within the EU organization	ELA Cooperation Support Unit Unit
2.	☑ Outside the EU organization	General public

	Categories of the data recipients	
1.	🖾 A natural or legal person	
2.	Public authority	
3.	Agency	
4.	\Box Any other third party, specify	
Specify who has access to which parts of the data:		

Description

Only authorized staff form ELA Cooperation Support Unit will have access to the raw data collected form the external contractors.

Publication of some of the opinions may be done as art of the communication activities of ELA but only aggregated data will be published and with specific consent from the data subject.

1.6 INTERNATIONAL DATA TRANSFERS

Transfer to third countries or international organisations of personal data	
1. Transfer outside of the EU or EEA	
N/A, transfers do not occur and are not planned to occur	
\Box YES,	
Country(ies) to which the data is transferred	
2. Transfer to international organisation(s)	
N/A, transfers do not occur and are not planned to occur	
\Box Yes, specify further details about the transfer below	
Names of the international organisations to which the data is transferred	
3. Legal base for the data transfer	
□ Transfer on the basis of the European Commission's adequacy decision (Article 47)	
□ Transfer subject to appropriate safeguards (Article 48.2 and .3), specify:	
2. (a) \Box A legally binding and enforceable instrument between public authorities or bodies.	
 Standard data protection clauses, adopted by (b) the Commission, or (c) the European Data Protection Supervisor and approved by the Commission, pursuant to the examination procedure referred to in Article 96(2). 	
(d) \square Binding corporate rules, \square Codes of conduct , \square Certification mechanism	

pursuant to points (b), (e) and (f) of Article 46(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where the processor is not a Union institution or body.
3. Subject to the authorisation from the European Data Protection Supervisor:
Contractual clauses between the controller or processor and the controller, processor or the recipient of the personal data in the third country or international organisation.
Administrative arrangements between public authorities or bodies which include enforceable and effective data subject rights.
Transfer based on an international agreement (Article 49), specify
4. Derogations for specific situations (Article 50.1 (a) –(g))
🖾 N /A
\Box Yes, derogation(s) for specific situations in accordance with article 50.1 (a) –(g) apply.
In the absence of an adequacy decision , or of appropriate safeguards, transfer of personal data to a third country or an international organisation is based on the following condition(s):
(a)
 (b) The transfer is necessary for the performance of a contract between the data subject and the controller or the implementation of pre-contractual measures taken at the data subject's request (c) The transfer is necessary for the conclusion or performance of a contract concluded in the interest of the data subject between the controller and another natural or legal person (d) The transfer is necessary for important reasons of public interest
 (e) □ The transfer is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defense of legal claims (f) □ The transfer is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of other persons, where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent (g) □ The transfer is made from a register which, according to Union law, is intended to provide information to the public and which is open to consultation either by the public in general or by
any person who can demonstrate a legitimate interest, but only to the extent that the conditions

Record structure Ares reference(2022)1489054

laid down in Union law for consultation are fulfilled in the particular case

1.7 INFORMATION TO DATA SUBJECTS ON THEIR RIGHTS

Rights of the data subjects Article 17 – Right of access by the data subject Article 18 – Right to rectification Article 19 – Right to erasure (right to be forgotten) Article 20 – Right to restriction of processing Article 21 – Notification obligation regarding rectification or erasure of personal data or restriction of processing Article 22 – Right to data portability Article 23 – Right to object Article 24 – Rights related to Automated individual decision-making, including profiling

1.7.1 **Privacy statement**

In the data subjects are informed about their rights and how to exercise them in the form of the a privacy statement attached to this record.

Publication of the privacy statement

Published on website

Web location:

- ELA internal website \boxtimes (URL:SharePoint on Personal Data Protection)
- External website ⊠(URL: https://www.ela.europa.eu/en/privacy-policy)

☑ Other form of publication, specify

Privacy Statement and consent form will be sent directly to the participants by the external contractor.

 \boxtimes Guidance for Data subjects which explains how and where to consult the privacy statement is available and will be provided at the beginning of the processing operation.

Description:

Guide on data subjects' rights available on ELA main website.

1.8 SECURITY MEASURES

Short summary of overall Technical and Organizational Measures implemented to ensure Information Security:

Description:

All data in electronic format (e-mails, documents, uploaded batches of data etc.) are stored either on the servers of the European Labour Authority or of its contractors.

The European Labour Authority's contractors are bound by a specific contractual clause for any processing operations of personal data on behalf of the European Labour Authority, and by the confidentiality obligations deriving from the General Data Protection Regulation.

In order to protect personal data, the European Labour Authority has put in place a number of technical and organisational measures. Technical measures include appropriate actions to address online security, risk of data loss, alteration of data or unauthorised access, taking into consideration the risk presented by the processing and the nature of the personal data being processed. Organisational measures include restricting access to the personal data solely to authorised persons with a legitimate need to know for the purposes of this processing operation.

Part 2 is only visible to Controllers and ELA DPO

2 PART 2: INTERNAL – COMPLIANCE, RISK AND SECURITY CHECKLISTS

2.1 COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

2.1.1 Lawfulness and fairness

Lawfulness for the processing of personal data under article 5.1		
🗆 (a)	Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Union institution or body.	
□ (b)	Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject.	
□ (c)	Processing is necessary for the performance of a contract to which the data subject is party or in order to take steps at the request of the data subject prior to entering into a contract.	
⊠ (d)	The data subject has given consent to the processing of his or her personal data for one or more specific purposes.	
□ (e)	Processing is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.	
	Lawfulness for the processing of personal data under article 5.2	
The basis for the processing referred to in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 has been laid down in the following Union law: Description		
⊠ N/A		
Reason(s) supporting the lawfulness of the data processing (explanation as to why the processing is necessary) : The participation in the research will be voluntary.		
If applicable, specific legal basis in addition to article 5.1:		

Description

Voluntary participation on the research/case study.

2.1.2 Z Purpose limitation

- 1. The purposes for data processing have been clearly identified and documented.
- 2. The details of the purposes of processing have been sufficiently referenced to in the Privacy statement.
- 3. The processing is regularly reviewed, and where necessary the documentation and the Privacy statement is updated.
- 4. If personal data is intended to be used for a new purpose, it is ensured that this is compatible with the original purpose or specific consent is taken for the new purpose.

2.1.3 🛛 Data minimisation

1. Limited amount of personal data is collected for specific purposes (limited).

- 2. The amount of personal data collected is adequate for the processing (adequate).
- 3. The personal data that is held is relevant to the processing, and periodically reviewed (relevant).

2.1.4 🛛 Accuracy

- 1. Personal data held is kept accurate and up to date.
- 2. There are appropriate processes in place to check the accuracy of the data collected, record the source of that data, and to deal with data subject's requests for rectification of their data.
- 3. In case any personal data is incorrect or misleading, reasonable steps are taken to correct or erase it as soon as possible.

2.1.5 Storage limitation

- 1. Personal data held is regularly reviewed and is not kept any longer than it is needed (for the purpose it was collected). It is erased or anonymised when its no longer needed.
- 2. Policy with standard retention periods are in place in case of data storage for periods exceeding their purpose.
- 3. There are appropriate processes in place to deal with data subjects' requests for erasure of their data (right to be forgotten).
- 4. Personal data is not kept for longer than for the intended purpose, except for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes. In such cases these personal data are clearly identified.

2.1.6 Integrity and confidentiality

- 1. An analysis of the risks presented by the data processing is performed, therefore assessing the appropriate level of security to be put in place.
- 2. When deciding which security measures to implement, the state of the art and costs of implementation are considered.
- 3. Appropriate technical and organizational measures are in place for security of the personal data.
- 4. When appropriate, measures such as pseudonymisation and encryption are used.
- 5. There are appropriate measures in place to restore access and availability to personal data in a timely manner in the event of a physical or technical incident.
- 6. A well-defined information security policy is in place and is regularly reviewed for improvements.

2.1.7 🛛 Accountability

- 1. Data protection policies are implemented and adopted where proportionate.
- 2. A 'privacy by design and default' approach is taken throughout the entire lifecycle of processing operations.
- 3. There are written contracts in place with organisations that process personal data on our behalf.
- 4. Documentation of the processing activities is maintained and kept up to date.
- 5. Personal data breaches are reported and recorded where necessary.
- 6. Data protection impact assessments are carried out and documented for personal data processing which result in high risk to data subjects' interests.
- 7. Adherence to relevant codes of conduct.

2.1.8 X Transparency and Rights of data subjects (access to data and other rights)

- 1. Compliance with the conditions pertaining to the information to be provided, and the rights of data subjects mentioned in Articles 15 to 24.
- 2. Compliance of the data processing with the articles listed above have been stated in the Privacy statement (see section 1.7.1 of the record)

2.2 RISK ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST

The Controller shall carry out a risk assessment to establish if the type of processing operation at hand is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, which require a further assessment of the impact on the protection of personal data.

2.2.1 Identification of high risk processing operations and requirements for a Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA).

2.2.1.1 A DPIA already exists (article 39§1)

- □ A DPIA already exists that is addressing a similar set of processing operations as the one at hand. Thereby there is no need to carry out a separate DPIA as provided for in article 39,§1.
 - □ Link to or attachment of the relevant DPIA:

Description

🛛 N/A

2.2.1.2 Legal requirement for DPIA (article 39.1)

Indicate if the processing operation is concerned by any of the following risky processing operations which shall in particular be subject to a DPIA (article 39.1 (a)-(c)):

- □ (a) a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects relating to natural persons which is based on automated processing, including profiling, and on which decisions are based that produce legal effects concerning the natural person or similarly significantly affect the natural person;
- □ (b) processing on a large scale of special categories of data referred to in Article 10, or of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 11; or
- \Box (c) a systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale.

🖾 N/A

 \Box One or more boxes ticked = <u>DPIA is required</u>

2.2.1.3 EDPS list of processing operations requiring a DPIA (article 39.4)

Indicate if the processing operation corresponds to one or more of the types of 'risky' processing operations on the **EDPS 'positive' list** for which a DPIA is required, pursuant to article 39.4:

\boxtimes N/A = Proceed with the EDPS threshold assessment

 \Box Yes = <u>DPIA is required</u>

2.2.1.4 EDPS threshold assessment for 'High risk' criteria

Indicate if the processing operation corresponds to one or more of the following of the EDPS' threshold criteria for a DPIA :

- 1. \Box Systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects or scoring, including profiling and predicting
- 2. \Box Automated-decision making with legal or similar significant effect: processing that aims at taking decisions on data subjects
- 3. Systematic monitoring: processing used to observe, monitor or control data subjects, especially in publicly accessible spaces
- 4. Sensitive data: data revealing ethnic or racial origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade-union membership, genetic data, biometric data for identification purposes, data concerning health or sex life or sexual orientation, criminal convictions or offences and related security measures or otherwise considered sensitive
- 5.
 Data processed on a large scale, whether based on number of people concerned and/or amount of data processed about each of them and/or permanence and/or geographical coverage
- 6. Datasets matched or combined from different data processing operations performed for different purposes and/or by different data controllers in a way that would exceed the reasonable expectations of the data subject
- 7. Data concerning vulnerable data subjects: situations where an imbalance in the relationship between the position of the data subject and the controller can be identified
- 8.
 Innovative use or applying technological or organizational solutions that can involve novel forms of data collection and usage
- 9.
 □ Preventing data subjects from exercising a right or using a service or a contract

Result of threshold assessment

Are two or more boxes on the list of high risk criteria ticked?:

- ⊠ No = The processing is unlikely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and a DPIA is **not** required
- □ Yes = The processing is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, therefore a <u>DPIA shall be required.</u>

2.2.2 Overall result of the risk level assessment

DPIA is required

- DPIA is **not** required, based on one of the following criterion:
 - \boxtimes The processing operation does not involve high level risks.
 - □ The processing operation is on the EDPS 'negative list' of types of processings for which a DPIA is not required (article 39.5).
 - □ Pursuant to the conditions under article 39.10, a DPIA has already been carried out as part of a general impact assessment preceding the adoption of a legal act.
 - □ Although, the processing operation corresponds to one or more of the criteria for DPIA requirement listed in this section, it is considered unlikely to result in a high risks to the rights and freedoms of affected persons.

Opinion of the DPO obtained (June 2022): The processing operation does not involve high level risks.

2.2.3 Outcome of DPIA

1. The processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and <u>the risk</u> <u>cannot be mitigated</u> by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation:

🖾 N/A

 \Box Yes, there are residual risks

2. \Box Completed DPIA is attached

Indicate the reference to any additional documentation related to the DPIA, if applicable: Click here to enter text.

2.2.4 EDPS prior consultation

1. Based on the outcome of a DPIA and after consultation with the DPO, it is considered that an EDPS prior consultation is required:

⊠ N/A □ Yes

The date of DPO consultation (optional):

2. The type of processing operation is listed in a ELA implementing act pursuant to Article 40(4) of the regulation for which an EDPS prior consultation is required:

⊠ N/A □ Yes

2.3 SECURITY MEASURES CHECKLIST

Security measures put in place for securing the processing operations on personal data and any data system used.

"Article 33 Security of processing"

1. Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risks of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller and the processor shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk, including, inter alia, as appropriate:..."

2.3.1 Detailed description of information security measures in place

Detailed description explained in Record "DPR-ELA-2022- 0008 ELA access control, CCTV system and parking cards"

2.3.2 Supporting documentation

If applicable, indicate the relevant supporting documentation for the security measures applied:

□ Link:

2.3.3 Measures adopted

Indicate the type of measures in place by <u>selecting what's applicable</u> from the following list, or by adding measures as appropriate to the relevant processing operation:

1. I Organisational measures

- ⊠ Risk Asessment and Risk management underly the relevant security measures.
- An analysis of the risks presented by the processing has been undertaken, and it has been used to assess the appropriate level of security required to be put in place.
- When deciding what measures to implement, the state of the art and costs of implementation has been taken into account.
- An information security policy (or equivalent) or an associated set of policies are in place in specific areas and steps to make sure the policy is implemented are taken (e.g. controls to enforce them).
- The information security policies and measures are reviewed regularly and, where necessary, improved.

Description

Personal data breach handling mechanism is in place
 Description
 SoP on personal data breach in place

□ Any other, specify **Description**

2. 🛛 Technical measures

- Physical securityCybersecurityMicrosoft Defender
- □ Encryption and/or pseudonymisation of personal data
- \Box Any other, specify
- □ The data will be hosted on infrastructure that is either owned by DG DIGIT (and hence meets DG DIGIT's security standards) or on 3rd party infrastructure that has been approved by DG DIGIT and that meets their security requirements.

Thereby, measures are in place to

- aim for using privacy-enhancing technologies (PETs);
- ensure confidentiality, integrity availability and resilience of processing systems and services;
- to restore availability and access to personal data in a timely manner in the event of physical or technical incident.

Any data processor used also have appropriate technical and organisational measures in place.